# **Assessing Risk: The Value of Volume Data**

#### Janell R. Kause

Office of Public Health Science





#### Why Assess Risk?

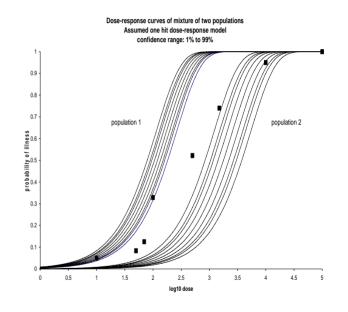
- Systematically address food safety issues
- Improve the utilization of federal resources to provide better public health assurance
- Structured formal process to ensure objectivity in decisionmaking
- Framework increases transparency to garner public input





## Terminology

- Risk = Hazard \* Exposure
- Risk: Likelihood of illness/death from exposure to hazard
- Hazard: chemical, physical, or biological agent that could cause harm
- Exposure: likelihood of hazard being ingested (frequency/amount)



## Exposure

Presence and amount of hazard in each serving of food

#### and

Number of food servings containing a given amount of hazard

#### Risk-Based Inspection

- Risk varies across products produced at various establishments
- Exposure: Characteristics that contribute to presence and amount of hazard in a serving of food
  - Product supports the survival and growth of a pathogen
  - Process specifics (time and temperature conditions; line speed)
  - > Interventions in place
  - Test and hold programs and testing
  - Disposition of the product
  - Empirical indicators include microbial test results
- Exposure: Number of servings that contain a likely amount of hazard
  - Production volume

#### Production Volume

- Important part of determining public health exposure and subsequent risk
- Not itself a predictor of the likelihood of contamination of foods
- Used to distinguish between establishments within the same risk categories
- Several other factors are used to categorize risk, including product type, process, interventions, and past test results
- > Real focus: How do you weight "volume"?

### Thank you